Soil and Water Management Notes

General Instructions

- SWM01 These plans present a conceptual soil and water management plan (SWMP) only and shows a possible way of managing soil and erosion. The contractor shall be responsible for the establishment and management of the site and preparing a detailed plan and obtaining approval from the relevant authority prior to the commencement of any
- SWM02 This plan is to be read in conjunction with the engineering plans and any other plans, written instructions, specification or documentation that may be issued and relating to development of the subject site.
- SWM03 The contractor will ensure that all soil and water management works are consistent with 'Managing Urban Stormwater -Soils and Construction' - also known as 'The Blue Book'.
- SWM04 All builders and sub-contractors shall be informed of their responsibilities in minimising the potential for soil erosion and pollution to downslope lands and waterways.

Erosion Control

- SWM05 Water shall be prevented from entering the permanent drainage system until sediment concentration is less then or equal to 50mg/L, ie the catchment area has been permanently landscaped and / or any likely sediment has been filtered through an approved structure.
- SWM06 Any sand used in the concrete curing process (spread over the surface) will be removed as soon as possible and within 10 working days from placement.
- SWM07 Acceptable receptors will be constructed for concrete and mortar slurries, paints, acid washings, light-weight waste materials and litter.
- SWM08 'Sediment' fencing will be installed as indicated on the plans and at the direction of site superintendent to ensure containment of sediment. The sediment fencing will outlet or overflow under stabilised conditions into the sediment basin, to safely convey water into a suitable filtering system should the pores in the fabric block.
- SWM09 Stockpiles should not be located within 5m of trees and hazard areas, including likely areas of concentrated or high velocity flows such as waterways, drainage lines, paved areas and driveways. Where they are within 5m from such areas, special sediment control measures should be taken to minimise possible pollution to downstream waters. Measures should also be applied to prevent the erosion of the stockpile.
- SWM10 All cut and fill batters are to be seeded and mulched within 14 days of completion of formation.
- SWM11 Any existing trees which form part of the final landscaping plan will be protected from construction activities by
 - a. Protecting them with barrier fencing or similar materials installed outside the drip line,
 - Ensuring that nothing is nailed to them,
 - c. Prohibiting paving, grading, sediment wash or placing of stockpiles within the drip line except under the following
 - (i) Encroachment only occurs on one side and no closer to the trunk than either 1.5 metres or half the distance between the outer edge of the drip line and the trunk, which ever is the greater,
 - (ii) A drainage system that allows air and water to circulate through the root zone (e.g. a gravel bed) is placed under all fill layers of more than 300 millimetres depth
 - (iii) Care is taken.
- SWM12 During windy weather, large disturbed unprotected areas should be kept moist (not wet) by sprinkling with water to keep dust under control.
- SWM13 Temporary protection from erosive forces will be undertaken on lands where final shaping has not been completed but works are unlikely to proceed for periods of two months or more (eq. on topsoil stockpiles). This may be achieved with a vegetative cover. A recommended listing of plant species for temporary cover is -

i) autumn/winter sowing

 oats/ryecorn at 20 kg/ha - japanese millet at 10 kg/ha ii) spring/summer sowing - japanese millet at 20 kg/ha - oats/ryecorn at 10 kg/ha

SWM14 Diversion banks / channels will be rehabilitated as soon as possible and within 5 working days from their final shaping. Other than in the winter months, suitable materials include turf grasses such as Couch or Kikuyu. During winter, or at other times when temporary rehabilitation (more than 3 months) is required, it is suggested that hessian cloth is used but only if tacked with appropriate pegs and an anionic bitumen emulsion. Foot and vehicular traffic should be kept away from these areas.

SWM15 Undertake site development works in accordance with the engineering plans. Where possible, phase development so that land disturbance is confined to areas of workable size.

Construction Sequence

- SWM16 Where practical, the soil erosion hazard on the site should be kept as low as possible. To this end, works should be undertaken in the FOLLOWING SEQUENCE -
- (i) Install inlet sediment traps to all gully pits fronting the site,
- (ii) Install a 1.8m chain wire fence around the boundaries and attach hessian cloth or similar to it on the windward side (ties at the top, centre and bottom and at 1m intervals or as instructed by the superintendent),
- (iii) Install geofabric sediment fence and sediment traps around all permanent stormwater reticulation structures as shown on the plan,
- (iv) Construct stabilised construction entrance as shown on the plan or to location as determined by superintendent,
- (v) Install diversion banks along the boundary where required, rehabilitate disturbed lands downslope from the basins within 20 working days,
- (vi) Ensure that the sediment basin is directed onto a turfed area and drains to a suitable location. A temporary stormwater line may be necessary to convey the flows to this location. Construct diversion channels at the boundary to drain into the sediment basin as shown on plans,
- (vii) At completion stabilise site and decommission all erosion control devices.
- SWM17 Temporary soil and water management structures will be removed only after the lands they are protecting are
- SWM18 Final site landscaping will be undertaken as soon as possible and within 20 working days from completion of construction activities.

Site Inspection and Maintenance

and driveways,

SWM19 At least weekly and after every rain fall event, the contractor will inspect the site and ensure that -

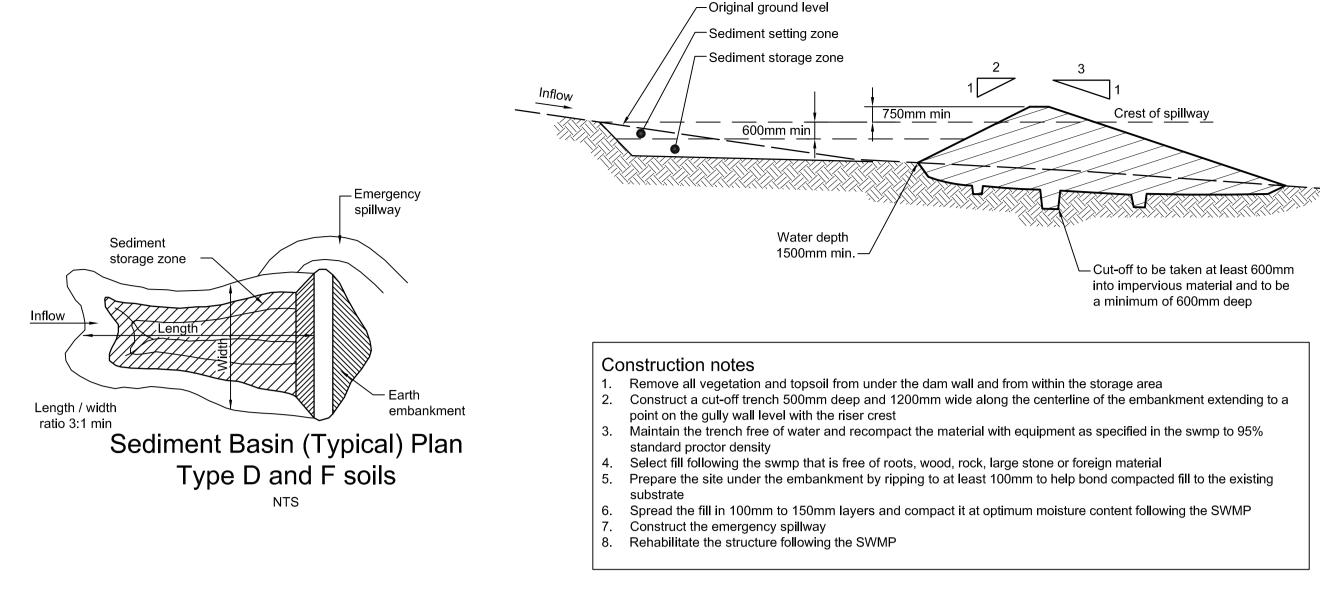
manor approved by the superintendent,

- (i) Drains and all sediment control devices operate effectively and initiate repair or maintenance as required,
- (ii) Receptors for concrete and mortar slurries, paints, acid washings, light-weight waste materials and litter are to be

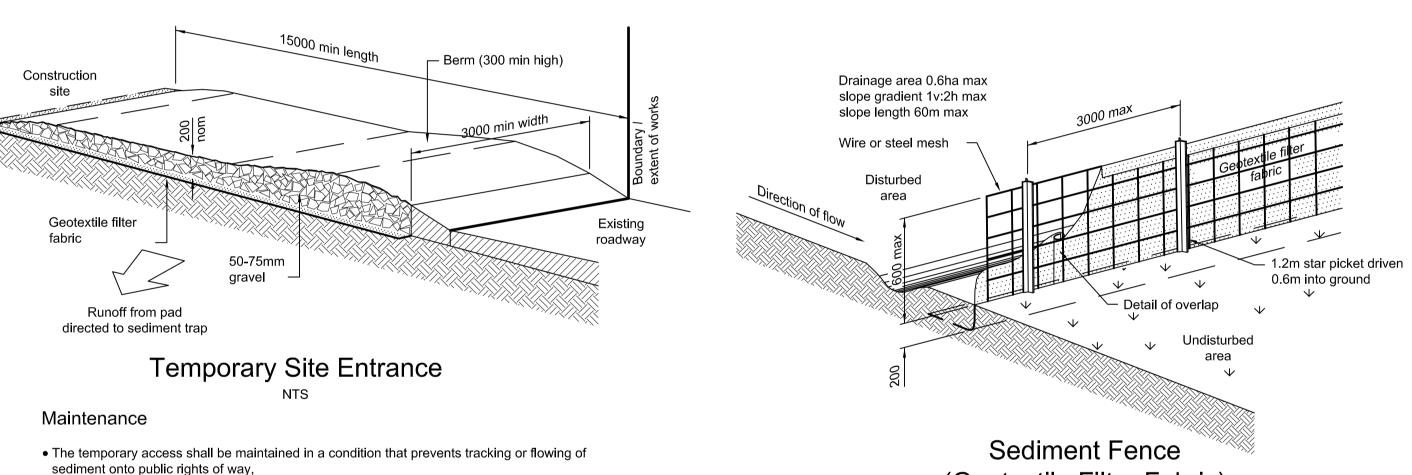
emptied as necessary. Disposal of waste shall be in a

and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment,

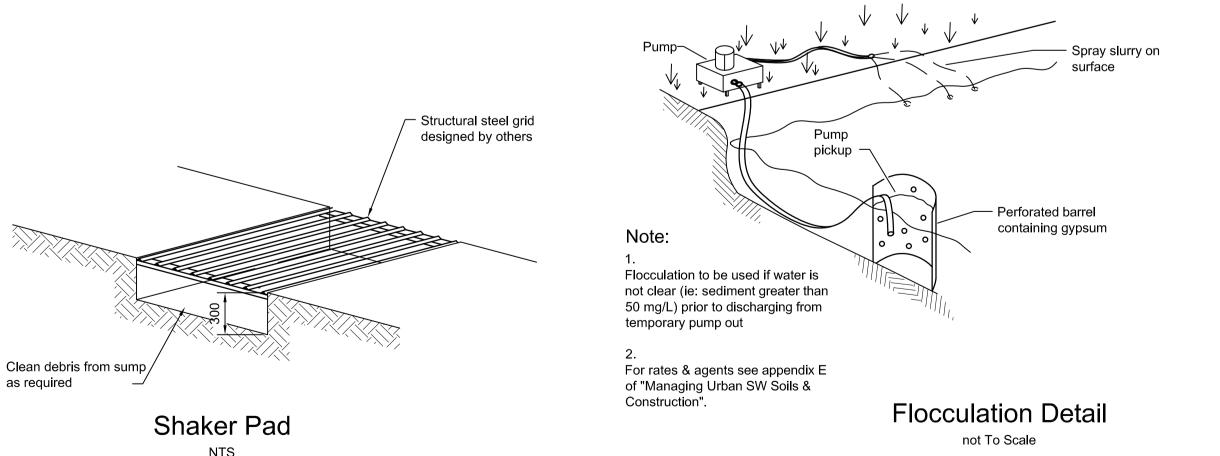
- (iii) Spilled sand (or other materials) is removed from hazard areas, including likely areas of concentrated or high velocity flows such as waterways, gutters, paved areas
- (iv) Sediment is removed traps when less than 20m³ of trapping capacity remain per 1000m² of disturbed lands, and / or less than 500mm depth remains in the settling zone. Any collected sediment will be disposed in areas where further pollution to down slope lands and waterways is unlikely,
- (v) Rehabilitated lands have effectively reduced the erosion hazard and initiate upgrading or repair as appropriate.
- SWM20 The contractor shall provide all monitoring control and testing.



Sediment Basin Wet (Typical) Cross Section - Type D and F soils



(Geotextile Filter Fabric) • This may require periodic top dressing with additional gravel as conditions demand and repair • All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights of way must be removed



P1 | 07.11.2014 | AMP | Issued for DA JG CJA Drawn Description Ch'k'd App'd



Key to symbols

Reference drawings

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Masters Home Improvement

Masters Windale Soil and Water Management **Details Sheet 1**

D Reilly Eng check D Reilly Designed D Wilmott Coordination | J Gilligan Dwg check | G Collins C Avis Approved Scale at A1 PRE NTS **Drawing Number** MMD-302816-C-DR-XX-00-0213

Erosion and Sediment Control Legend → Construct catch drain Construct temporary sediment fence Stage boundaries Install temporary site access

Construct temporary geotextile filter fabric or straw bale drop inlet sediment trap (refer detail)

Indicative location for topsoil stockpile. (refer to detail)



Install temporary sediment basin. (refer to detail)